# Cyprus: an independent newspaper - no 122 

Library of Neapolis University Pafos
http://hdl.handle.net/11728/8879
Downloaded from HEPHAESTUS Repository, Neapolis University institutional repository

# CYPRUS 

## AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

## "CVPRUS"

 TO CORRESPONDENTS




 TO SUBSCRIBERS
The charge for subseripkiens is $38,9 \mathrm{Ad}$. for 3 mowhs;

 TO ADVERTISERS.
Thas sealo of eharges for adreetisement is low, sud

 Nexpapar.
He Elitior or of

## PRINTING

Priuting ordart of dery sind, and in Englief,Greek
and Turkioh olaracters, execented with promptitude and connomy at the office of this journal.

## Ohief Intelligence of the Week.

The Qneen and Princoss Beatrico, on
 Chislequrst. Gee Najosty and on rincess and retorned to Windsor Castlo in the eraning.
Earl Bonnonsfield arrived at Findsor Cas-
Mr. Shaw Leferre, M.P. First CommissioMr. Shaw Lefevre, M.P. First Commissio-
ner of Worka, wlose re-election was not op. pored; addrosed a meeting at Reading on Wednodary; and expressed his conviction that impodiate legisiation "Was neeessary to ortent the ownorathip of land in Ireland, and thus
restore peace and proapority to tunt eountry. rentore pance and prouperity to hat eountry.
Mr. E. Stanhopo, M. P., and Mr. Wortley, M. R. addrosised $n$ Conservative mecting on Troestay at Hudderafeld.
Sir W. Lawson, M.P., hnd Mr. H. Gladstone, M.P., epoke at Leods ou Wednesday in sup-
port of the Local Option proposal of tho port of the Looal Option
United Kingdou Alliance.
Sirir James Colvile, one of the Judgos of the Judioial Conmitiee of the Privy Council,
died on Monday. after ia very short illuess.
The Revi Dr. Cotton, Provost of Worcoster
The Revi Dr. Cotton, Provost of Worcoster
College, Oxford, diod on Wednesday, aged ${ }_{86}$ Coll

TThe second oontent betwoen Trickett, of Sydney, and Wallace Ross, of Newr Brons-
wick (the firat having hoen invalidated by a fonl), resulted, on Saturd oy in the success Iofitooss, who wou by three or foni lengtles.
BSystematic rivgr poaching has become pro-
aflent in Walem. in Radnorshire in policoandent in wales. In Radnorsinire a policomer engaged in that practice.
The lat Battalion of the Coldstream Guards left Liondon on Monday for Dublin.
4 proclamation appenred in the "Dublin Gaxate last Friday, announcing that tho and required an additional police force.
The naval demonstration in the Enst ling ermed to varionesports. The British ships
bavo returned to Malta.
The tendors for a new India loan of
 Toesdny. The total amount of tonders was Ror $14 \frac{1}{2}$ villiony and the minimute price acepted wa 2 104. 5 s, por cent.
dethe 8 th inst for England ban Wednemany 8th ingt, for England, but it is ox. pentilal in a iow days.
Madame Thiora, widow of the late ominent

The Emperor of Russia, who is reported to bo in exceltent heninh nerived nks. Ponounes the redantion of thic sath-tix in the wouid be raised to supply the deficieucy thus caused.
-Tho anti-Jewish ngitation has sgais pro-nked discussion in the Berin Cbamber, and the movem.
gree snibiding.
Telegrams frem Candalar stanto that reporta have foen roceiccd there of iacreasing, opposition io Ayoob Khan at Herat, and it is
deemed prolaule that ha will have to take refrge in Persian or Kinssian oferritory. Abdurrahman maintans his position at Cabul, but beyond the city his power is resisted
by the tribos mene:ally.

## EGYPT.

(From "The Egyptian Gazotte", 11h Dec.) On 7ha inst. the Kiodive gave a dimnor in bonour of Mijor and Mrs. Bariug. Among tho
guests invited to meet them were Mr. Malet guests invited to meet then were Mr. Malet tyo Miszes Colvin. Mr. Rowsell C.B., C.M.G. and Mrs. Rowsoll, Mr. Mones C.B. Mrs. and
 Mr. H.P. . Le Mesurien C.S.S., E.t. Col. Malet,
Mr. Pitz Gerald C.M.G., tho Eresident of the Coincil of Ministors, the Ministor for Foreign Aliairs, Khairi Pash, Thalat Pasha \&ic., fe.
Later in the evering Major mid Mr. Maving Later in the evening Major mid Mr. Paring
went to the Theatre to wituess Girode Ginofla went to the Theatre to wituess
and ocoapied Mr. Malet's Bos.
-On 84h inst. H. E. Liazz Pasha ontertainod Major Baring at Lunchoon at the KLedivial Club in inht. Major and Mirs. Baring left. Cairo for Suez to proceed by tho ontwird Indian masil st oamer for their dstination. A large nuaber of tho prisipal residents at Cairo were at the station, including Mr. Malet, the Bentrolters General, the anded on healf of the Khedive to say farowoll to the parting guest.

- It is evident that Major Baring's eminent servicos to Lgypt are fally appreciated for he has been the object of marke? and flatering attention during his short stay in
Cuiro. It is granty to the praise of the Eggptians that they should ao spontaneously dered to the country by - On Pride the - - Onsalion beld biday divine service in ino littlo chapel at Suez whero he freached to a very numerous congregation. In the foreuorm his
 veral weembers of the British commmity with who it tho conversed nipon Charelh ruat Clapilain. The Bishop of Jerus) Suez an Snturday last nund held a conteman. ioin next digy atst. Mark' Emiscopal Charch
when 23 candidates werc confirned. On Mon When 23 enutidntes wore contried. On Mon-
day His Lordship belit $a$ roception at Mr day Mis Lordship locha a roception at atr,
and Mrs. Mowlates house, which was at-
 several of tho pablic institations of Alox. andria. Tho Bistop lofl Port Said via
 rusalcu. Wo understand that His Hoordship was vory mued pleased with his visit to
Rgypt nad hopes to make a longer stay at Sgypt aud hipes to make a longer gilay at
his next visitation. his next: visitation at Alexandinin, left for Cairo by express Inst Saturday to take part in the probectings of
the Interuntional Commiszion, as Mr. ITalet's colloagro in represanting Great Britaia.
 Sanitary Commissioners nt Mecea, we learn
that 200,000 pilgrins assoubled in and abont that 200,000 pilgrinns assombled in and abiont
that city, during flo omly part November. Tho total number of deaths during that time during fond deys in tho valley of Murialh is huriug four days The" an end, but the sanitary arrangomouts appen ${ }_{r}$
to be very defestive and in a faturo nember we will rotura to thig sabject:
- We learn that the "dergiae: - We learn thet the "dengre" fever is spidemic.


## Tie nem Rearie te Eaypt

Tho new regime in Egypt was foriannte in being connenced dirarily after an unnsunly
harge coliou crop, but this alone would not have sulliced to creato the genaral state of cotitentinent nad prosperity existing. Aided
by many expevienced Europeang in the several departments of the Siate, the Khedive's Ministers havo houestly comprabended the situntion, and havo accomplishod wonders in the dificult task of reform and reorganization. Ordnr and syatem have been introdncel into
the sceounts and collection of the taxes. Every the sceounts and collection of tho taxes. Every
one in each moudirieli or province tnows how mouclh be jas to pay, and when he has to pay nnd haning already acquired faith in the new order of things, ho feels that he will wut bo
called upon to contribute lis share two or called upon to contribute his share two or
three tinnos over as forverly. Thus tho taxes three timns over as formerly. Thns the taxes
are collected with an case and freedon mever are collectod with
before heard of.
After years of misrulo ond dishonesty among \%ll the governing classes, it is boverwhat difilcult to instil iuto the official mind a proper sence of responsilility, but the Khodive and
 aliout a purgr and Lealthier admaisistration.
Ever sinco his accession to the throne Towik Hers inco his accossion to the throne Townik Pashin hiss shotwn considerablo tact and abing
A sincere Bud devout Mussnman, his popu-
 ty. equalled by the esteem in whioh he is
in held by Liboral Europenns. The government of Egypt in matibly left to Riaz Pasha and the
Mivisters, andit cannot be too widoly known Ministers, and il canuot be too widy gova
 The question of judicial rcform is just now asitating the Egyptian paiblie. The five years for whiza the 1 mernational Tribunis , Were
establisled will expire on Jan. 31 , 1881, and establisted wil expire on Jan. 31, , 881, and
both diplomatists and havers are busily oc. bouh aiplomatists anu hawers are busily ocIt soens to be settled that the International Tribunals will have another tive years' trial At the same tinie numerous important modi-fications will bare to be made in the judicial organization and in the Egyptian codes. Whal national Comnurion at Cuita by the Inter views as to what changes stiould be made may be briefty snumed ap as follows: Thore is a strong feeling ngainst giving the tribuwals jurisdiction in criminal eases. The bankruptey law should be ansimilated to lbat of Engtinud, so as to allow of tiqridations and of eoupositions. The laws of evidonee sinould be being callod na wituosses. Roligions estrablishnacnes anc joint stock companios should be plac
al nuder the jurisdiction of the tribunals, well as all (radieg consuls-general consuls, and vice-cousula. The privilagos enjoyed by couwe withdraviva The conte ices, eqperinly ou registivition of transfis of property, sloutd le reduced. Faeilities should be aceorded for
thaw trauscer os titles hy the estaplishment of oue central offee of tha tribunls and a numer of district oficer organized and affliated to tho centrrl office.
The registration of all lands should be compulsory, and of all trausfers and chargea on Innds. $\Delta$ nother Englistlind jo should be appointed, and, finally, English should be admib-
ted as oun of Lle judicial languages in ted as oun of the judicial languages, in addi-
tion to those now in vogue namely Freach, Italinn, und Arabic. Ou this last point opinion is very strong. The commerce of Eeypt with tho UuitedKiugdorn is vastly larger than that With nny other country. Innumerrale English
documpuls cone beloro tho tribunals, nd fre documionse corne boloro tho tribunals, and fre-
quent refercuces lave to bo made to English Thir. Thoro aro ive English-2penking judges whilst many of their collengues know the langeago. Why, under these circumasauces, lag Englighuan oan understand. When the cribunals wore established on timn,five yoars ago,

Britistrinteresto-were not suffioiently condidered, owing to an unfurtunate opposition to the experimeth boing tried, Now there is a very strong feeling that as the tribuuals, the adrantnges of wich adinit of no quastion, are to be romodetled, Britislitite
sulted nud provided for.

## turkey.

The negotiations which were reported to have eenn started with the oljject of keejing the in-
ernational fleet togethor lave fallen throngh.
 tein oclook un Saturday morniug. The Enclish
shiips seiled dirst, and were saluted
with fifteen Mans ky every vossel in the other squiadrons. "Victoriv" acoompanind thir British Admiralts ship three miles. The Germang played "God
save the Queen," nua the British sailors res.


 ernuent that the illeets sesparated, "uffter mutu-

 pecting the attitude of Anstria, Franoe, and Germany, says:-"All the Ponirs are equally desi-
rous of peace, and it is natural enough that there rous of peace, and it is natural enonght that there
shonld exxist some differences of oninion as to the


 the Euro
or pazace.
Rontal

 Priug of inculienegro will, it is announced, shor-

 pied by tho Turks bas not bebn surrendered, and the commission for the delimitatioin' of the Turko-Moutenegriu frontier have not yot mot.

 for more than a year on that side of the Tarkieh Empire. The wise forbearance of Pritice Nielbolas "Daily. Nego" tolegram from Castelnoovo stantes that several of the Albanian brorder tritibe statated to sond deputation to the Princiofieveing their
submisision and lonnag. PrinceNicleoles, however, decinind to receive them, on the ground, that they were Tarkish subjecta, and that he had no
rightito annex their texritory. The " stanidardi " right to anizex their territory. The "Standard's"
correspandent at Coustantinoule pubishes a re. correspandent at Coustantinowe pabishes a re.
port winch has rasched him "from a oouroo which he has always found correet," "that Ali Pa-
 the Loague, calling all Albanians to arms, The
proclamatfou says that it will be necessary to proclamatiou says siat it will be neassary to
march upou Ducigno through Sctari, where Dexvish Pasha is lying with twenty battailions, and cills apon the members of the League to nuster in sufficienb
tirongth if weedfint
Numerous reports

Nazerous reports of a contrad havo bear oureant throughout the week with ro. point upon which there appears to is that the Porte is about to issue at Note ipon given of it The Note according to the account of the "Times." constantinople correspondent preparations of the Hellenic Govermment, and proposes a pucific solution of the question on
the basis laid down in the Note of the 3rd of October. By tbat solution Greece would reoeive a considerabic iucrease of territory, bat Janiua,
Metzovo and Larissa would remain to
 proposed by tho Conferonce of Berlin deserve (the corrospondent says) the careful consideration of the Powers. Tho general opinion in diplomatio
circles in Constantinuopietthe correspondent add seems to be that the HellenicGovermment would do well to accept $n$ moderato cession of territory rather than rasso h conthit in which it waula and yery little moral support. Acoording to the Intest reports from various soorces, however, it Yoonla seom that the Greekgioverumont mnnifost
rio lesire to cuter into neegotiations with the Port co dosire to cuter into negotiations with the Porte
althougth, necording to the "Daily Telegraph correspondeut, the Rorto "apprars reslly anxions for a paificut settlemento of Ho question, while tals. ng oare, at the sume time to be prapared for Las
tilities with its ambitious neikhbours, tililities with its ambitious noighbours," There
are now 60,000 Turkish troops. In Thesely and

Epirus, and by March next the number will
be increased to 100,000 . Creceo, on her side, is
 pected to muster 60,000 men by tive middlo of

 War wad Maxinc. The Budret presented last Sa.
tarday shows that thero will be a deficit in tho turday shows that thero will be adeficit in the which is to be covered by loans. In reply to the appeaded to mombers to cease recrimations, the country being yow on ilie ove of a supreme crisis.
The followins is stated to be an extrict from his speech :- "I nan still asked whint our policy ts.
I believe I have alvendy givon sufficicut explo nations on this head. Our pulicy is to be rendy We intend to do our part in tho Europenu cons. cert, and we hope to act to the cod in harmony with it. But we wish to reservo to ourselves, in any case, our liberty of action." The Powers of views on the Greek question. It was stated that they woald 'probably endeavoniz ia tho first instance to obtain to formal engagement from Greece and Tarkey not to heve recourse ts arms,
but to rely on the diplomacy of Enrope for effecting an equitable compromise." The Roman "Diritto," however, asserts that the statement is without foundation. The "North German Gazette" declares that the reports published last weels of
interviews of Horr von Radowitz, the German Minister at Athens, witi the King of Greece and M. Coumoundouros, are wholly unfounded.

## GREDCE.

The following is an extract from a speech delivered by the President of the Council, M. Coumoundouros, in the Chamber on the foreign policy of his Government: "I am still asked what our policy is. I believe I have already given sufficient explanations on this head. Our policy is to be ready for the execution of the decisions of the Powers. We in tend ${ }^{*}$ to do our part in the European concert, and we hope to act to the end in harmony with it.But we wish to reserve to ourselves, n any case, our liberty or action.'

## Special Telegrams

## London, 15th Dec

The British cabinet has decided that if the condition of Ireland has not materially improved before the reassembly of Parliament a bill will be introduced tending to the suspension of the habeas corpus act combined with measures to improve. agrarian laws. The land leaguers are.prevent $=$ ing the export of cattle belonging to ostracized proprietors.' The land leaguers threaten to assassinate the judges if leaguers are condemned. The cabinet are discussing the agrarian cabinet are discussing the agrarian
laws. Two more regiments have been laws. Two more re
ordered to Ireland.
The Porte defers sending categorical note to Greece,
Abdullah has ordered the Kurds to suspond hostilities until spring.

London, 17th Dec.
The Porto has appealed to the powers to ask Greece to negotiate with regard to the question of frontiers. England is ready to join the other powers in regulating the question if France will take the initiative. The Greek loan has been arrauged in Paris.
More troops have been ordered to Ireland. Military leave of absence has been suspended. Healy and Walsh have been acquitted. The orangemen are forming a counter league and arranging to distribute arms in the West and South.

## London, 20th Dec.

The Viceroy of Ireland prohibited a meeting in Queens county and has sent troops there. Ten thousand pounds have already been subscribed for Mr. Parnell's defence. Another battaliou of troops has been ordered to battalior

Mr. Gosehen and MusurusPacha, the Tarkish umbassador have arrived in London.

The Porte bas ordered a court martial to judge the chiefs of the Al. banian league.

Greece has refused to negotiate with Turkey.
Englaud has proposed to the Powers a project for definitive arrangement of the Greek question.
The Dutch government is prepar ng an arctic expedition.

## CYPRUS

Larmaca, Monday, December 20th, 1880.

At the completion of an article in our last number on the question of the tithes we remarked that in the opinion of the Commission appointed by the Greek Government 70 enquire iuto the subject, the absence of a techmical survey is no drawback to a reformation of the land-impost.
The Commission considers the declarations of the tax-payers-under reserve, of-course, of their verificationas more simple in application, and even more just looked upon from the point of view of a scientific basis. It has thought that sueh declarations might well and satisfactorily ferform the ends of a survey, so far as it concerns the extent of the lands. The classification of these as regards their productive value will have to be rated according to their intrinsic nature and quality. They should be separated into general categories-or divided by qualifications - based upon criterions easy and natural of distinguishment. This system, it is said, wonld do away with not only fraud on the parts of the declarants, but also counteract ignorance, inexperience, errors and the arbitratory will of valuers. Beyond this, it. is stated that by reason of the imperfect, although uniform cultivation of Greece, its products do not difier materially the one from the other, as in other countries. Pasture and forestlands should be free from all impost but that on flocks which at present exists the report is of opinion should be conserved. Lands which are planted will have to berated, as vineyards, gardens, etc. have for a lorig time back paid imposts-duty. It is considered only equitable that the currant vineyards, fig plantations and the like should contribute to the direct taxation, proportionally with the levies put upou the rest of the lands, in place of the present cinstoms duties on exportation of these articles of produce.
The lands are divided by the Commission into tho categories, -those barren, and those cultivated. The first are sub-divided into mountainous and are sub-divided into mountainous and
flat districts. And these are again classified into irrigated and arid country making up a total of four classifications, including the whole of the lands from which results are derived only at cer. tain seasons. The planted lauds are principally systematized thus-currant princs, fiog-gardens, orange and lemon vines, hog-gardens, orange and lemon
plantations, amond-three, vine-yards, plantations, almond-infoe, vine-yards,
olive-trees, olive plantations and the rest of grownd on which fruit trees are grown.
The eommittee has found it desirable to divide the rine districts into two descriptions. Those cultivated in the mountainous parts form one; whilst those grown on the plains make another. The growth of olives is yet another division. So that in all four classifications are made, after adding those of the Currant, the Fig; and that of the general gardens.
In our next, we will continue to print the Commission's Report in showing its views as regards the levyshowing its views as regards the levy-
ing of the tazes on these various heads.

## Local Notes.

The Northampton Mercury of Dec. 4th "The Secretary of $\$$ tate for the Colonies has decided to alliow Sir Robert Biddulph to retain the High Commissionership of Cyprus,
on the transter of that island to the Colonial on the transice of that island to the Colonial
Office administration." News derived from
News derived from such a source can hardly ain of accurncy. For we nay confident-
ly opine that Mercury must be conversant with the secrets of the gods.
On the occasion of the Iligh Commission-er's visit Mr. R. Mattei presented to the
I-land a plot of land on the right of the NiIfland a plot of land on the right of the Niand now occupied by the Hospital huts, ns and now occupied by the Hospi
the site of a permanent Hospital.
We site of a permanent informed that His Excellency has
Witer accepted this generous gift, and will sanction and primote the immediate collection of funds for the eicection of a suitable stone building. From its estallishment in December, 1878, 463 sick persons from all parts of Cyprus have been treated in the tennporary hospital, while 3,733 have reccived advice and medicines as out-patients. Meanwhile, up to this day only one donation has been received from a Cypriot, the cost of maintenance hsving been borne entirely by the Island Govcrunent, by English officials and merchants, and English visitors. Will not our townsmen corne forward now to emulate Mr. Mattci's most seasonable giit?
A subseription list wlll be opened forthwith at the Commissioner's house and a
collection will be made in the Euglish collection will be made in the Euglish Church on Christmas Day.

Mr. Brown C. E. has procceded to Limassol where he had an interview with the local authorities with regard to the public buildings which are about to be commenced with there. At the present moment a wooden pier is being crected for the purpose of discmbarking the iron one which is shortly expected from England. The construction of the Government offices will also be proceeded with, after which the building of the Custom House and Post Office will follow. All these will be crected on the space situated in front of the present Konak.
We would ask, what about Public works at Larnaca?
H..M. S. Cygnet arrived in our port on Wednesday night and left the following day
for Allaia Bay. -
H. E. the High Commissioner, has visited Larnaca, and las remained here from Wednesday to Friday last. He stayed whilst hacre at the residence of the Commissioner ; during which time he meta reception at the Municipality with the municipal committec of our town, and received in ordinance somic of the notabilities of Larnaca. In answer to a speech made by the Presi-
dent of the Municipal Cominittee, His Exdent of the Municipal Comimittee, His Ex-
cellency assured that he was animated cellency assured that he was animated
with all fair sentiments for the welfare of with all fair sentiments for the welfare of
our town, which continued he said to be ouf town, which continued, hes said, to be
the principal seaport of the Island, aid will the principal seaport of the Island, and will
continue to be the came for some years still. We hope that this visit of our High Commissioner will be followed by some good mractical results bencficial to this town, good interests of which have been wholly neglectinterests of which have
ed since the occupation.
As regards the general wants of the Island, it seems that the Colonial office not having yet assumed the direction of our colonial affuirs, we must not at present expeet a proper organization of the Cyprus régime. Excellency in the form it has been sulmitted to us:
May io please your Excellency
We welcome the presence of your Excellency in our Town Hall with feelings of great pride and satisfaction.
to you the unbounded respect ef exressing low townsmen for Her Majesty's Government, and their devotion to the person of your Excellency.
We would convey to you our warmest
thanks for your prompt decis thanks for your prompt decision in con-
stituting the stituting the present Council, and further express the conviction that by your Excellency's aid aud support, Laynaca will mark out for itself a new path of progress and pros-
perity on which to tread with a steadier perity on which to tread with a steadier step. ir, Larnaca is worthy of your regard.
By ity topographical position and the impor.
tance of its commerce, it was the first town in Cyprus to see and hail the British occu pation. It is the principal seaport of Cyprus, nd has always been the centre of trado and progress. We, therefore, firmly hope that ration its many, laking into serious conside with your distinguished you will encourgage its inhabitage and that no sacrifices in order to meet its to spare wants and to reap all the benefts of lightened administration

## NICOSIA HARRIERS

## Meets for December, 1880.

 Wednesday 22 nd...Miamillia........ 230 p.m. Saturday ...25th...Agirda Wood... $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Wednesday 29 th...Greaves' Jheel. 230 p.m.
## GOOD RUN AND KILL WITH THE

 Nicosia harriers.The annals of this gallant little pack will rarely sirow a better days' sport than that of Saturday, the 18 th December
The-meet was at the Cross roads near Lakatamia at 7 a . m. It required no small amount of energy in the persuil of sport to urn out by moonlight, and trot off to the meet, but the sharp bracing morning air soon cleared away all sleepiness, and prepared men
and horse for the work before them. We and horse or the work betore them. We
found the pack waiting at the meet having found the pack waiting at the meet having
arrived with their usial punctuality under arrived with their usual punctuality. under
the directicn of Mr. King-Harman, Secretary the directicn of Mr. King-Harman, Secretary
to the Hunt, who has lately ably filled the oo the Hunt, who has lately ably filled the
post of Master,owing to the illness of Captsin post of Ma,

We hope before long to see the Master in the fild again, and to hear his cheery
voice urging on the hounds in many a good voice urging on.
chase and kill.
The hounds drew towards the high-lying plateau to the east of Lakatamia, and soon a winper showed that puss had been there wout lately. They drew on steadily; and in full view. The hare ran due east hare the hounds close on her trail runining at a killing pace. The scent was good and the music from the pack quickened every pulse ${ }_{j}$ it was ns much as the field could do to keep
them well in view. That itaunch hound Sriper led the pack, which followed well logether away. We galloped over excellont country without the least check for several miles. The hare edged away to the north and made for the rocks of Oros. here she squatted, but before the field were well up the hounds pushed her out, and away she went again in full view accross the plain making for Deftera. Finding the pace too much for her, and evidently regretting the riendy shelter of the rocks, she doubled back, passing almost through the hounds she run and lay hid for in safety after a sharg hounds were tor seconds, but the ohot shat for dond made the place she tried to make off along the she rocks Hill. Herc she was ruñ into by the ere of the Banger giving her the coup de grace and a worry woury worry soon ended the and a of as good and strong a hare as we have of as
seen.
Thi
The run was very fast from find to kill. With a burning scent the hounds were no to be denied they hunted most beautifully never once checking or making a alase move
ind a faster or better 45 minutes we never expect to see.
Owing to its being mail day and the nedid not atters of the officials out, the Master all trotted ho to show more sport and we all trotted home congratulating ourselvess on
the excellent run we had had. We must compliment the Master and Secretary of the hunt on the magniffcent condition of the hounds. Nothing could have been more per fect than the appearance of the pack and the sport they have been able to show clearly
proves that hunting in Cyprus may now be looked upon as an established success

Cor de chasse.

## Limassol News.

8, Dec., 1880.
Colonel Gordon and Major Bowlby arrived this morning from Larnaca on their tour of inspection tor the purpose of amalgamating the Pioneer nud Zaptieh forces, I underwill quit the Island to rejoin his regiment.

- Mr. Cunningham lass arrivad here from Laraaca. He has been appointed District Civil Engineer in connection, I believe, with the erection of the pier and other public works for Limassol. The pier, I hear, left England about two weeks ago on board a sailing vcssel.
- The weather which last week wan wet, has suddenly turned to cold and Troodos and the other mountains round about this arc covered with snow.
- The Band of the 35th (Royal Sassex) Regiment has for the first time beeen graciously allowed by Coonnel Hackett and the officers to play in Roslyn Square, Limassol. Although the weather was bitterly colld a large crowd assembled to har the music discoursed, and the fair sex were represented in consigcrable numbers. For about two hours quect strains wers wattec on
the somernat chilly air, and the general the somernat chilly air, and the generia
opinion was that, altogether, it would be diiopminn was anatatogether, reginental band than that of the 35 th.

18, Dec. 1880.
We had a considerable storm last Saturday in the road-stead here, and two lighters which were filled up with goods that had arrived the previous night by the mail were greatly damaged. Fortunately part of the goods were washed on shore, and a consignee oogether with two experts, have been appointed by the Hige
-Lieut.Sinclair, R.E. has left for England by the S. S. Fortuna on two months leavo of absence. We believe he will take up the
duties of Private Secretary to His Excellency on his return.
-It is with great pleasure that we have to announce that the water from Agia Erini source, which is reported as abundant, winl
shortly be united with the présent aqueduct; shortly be united with ampe present aqueduct;
there will be an ample supply-water for there will be an ample supply-water for
the requirements of the towa of Limassol the requirements of the town of incassol it is stated, by the War Office.

- A Greek Company of amateurs cummenced theatrical representations and the first performance which took place. last Sunday was good; although the absence
of the fair sex tended to render the specof the fair sex
- A printing Press has just been received fromed in the ping ployed in the printing of the new. Greek weekly journal called Truth. The press which cost $£ 120$ has been purchased by shares of $\boldsymbol{f} 5$ each. It is to be hoped
that this laudable association will be the that this laudable association will be the means beneficial to the Island.
Arrivale per S.S. "Fortuna" Messrs. Nani, Izzo and Caruanà.

NOTES ON CYPRUS.
By an Observer:
(Continued from our last).
No. two has quite faited to catch the object and meaning of my remarks and I trust
therefore that I may be allowed to explain. He is quite in error in supposing, as he does, that Tobacco was destroyed because it hat been badly prepared and that the peasants gave it up in order to avoid the penalties
to which they were liable. Quite the reto which they were liable. Quite the re-
verse, as it was all in leaf. Under the Turkverse, as it was all in leaf. Under the Turkish regime Tobacco remaining unsold of one year's growth had of counse to be examined
by the Custom's Officials during the succeby the Custom's Officials during the succe-
eding year, and as they found it necessarily eding year, and as they found it necessarily drying they wholly ignored this fact and convenient pretext for extortion, it being convenient pretext for extortion, it bengg quito needless to observe thatier, and Mr. Lang must have been ocen in work on Cyprus, "it is not to be wondered at that the culture of Tobacco almost entirely ceased." But Great Britain has evory interest in restoring this cilture toits former importance. 1 quote his worls
with the more readincss as he was so well with the more readincss as he was so well
known beloved and estermed during his residence at Larnaca and on this subject was so
well able to spack from his own experienco as a practical farmer. The real truth of the causefor the destruction of so large a quantity (more than 21000 okes, was that the pensants found it usless to pay the tithe without being able to sell their produce as the holders of the Regie had the strongest motive for refiusing to buy as they naturally hope, by disggusting the peasants with their fruitless delours to
fores them to throw it up altogother and
thus retain what is practically a monopoly The peasants have a great right to cong plain that by the operation of such a systern
they are as it were, denied the right of cultivating the land for its growth. I rep ait again, soil of Cyprox andy said, that the climate and soil of Cyprus ara peuliarly well fitted tor its growth and will be able agaia as they were
before to prothea all the Tobacco required before to pronace all the Tobaco required
for its own consumption as well as for expor-
tation Wiy tarits own consumption as well as for expor-
tation. Why then should it not be so? Why
 they think best anel obtain from it all the riches it is so capable of affording to then-
selves as wellatito the Government. I would then urge all Cypriotes to nuke known their wrongs to the lwal authorities and if they have not the power to introluce the necessary
alteration; to vatition the Envlish Cabinet, alterations to patition the Enclish Cabinet,
foolig assued that it will recognizo the jusfoeling assurd that it will recognizo tho jus-
we o thate cluma and take caly steps to dee of thaic chama and the caly steps
their aproval mother than wate their time maderurics in wain political aspirations and adopt and act upon the moto

## (To be continued)

Letters to the editor.
Nicosia 18th. Dẹ. 1880

## Sir,

It may interest some of your readers to know the exact date of the building of the cathedral at Tramagousta.
heautifully cut out and well preserption very beautituly cut out and well preserved on the
cathedral, which I think has not been copied cathedial, which 1 mink has not bea copied before as it
It reads
t IAN DEMT TROICENSE XI DCRIST A MIM IORS DAOUST FV E PORLEL ABOLE D LGG LISEDFA AG' E COMESA R DABOYRLEVES BAVD VIII LE DITANLEPREMIER IOR DSEPTEMBAEDO
VOVEL LABOVR VI YOTES D
DEVS HELES RSTAIENT FAITES x votes des heles avc ViIf Votes dlanave

## DLIGLISE ES

TOHTAFA
Which I read
"On the fourth day of August of the year one thousand three hundred and eleven of the work of the Chitch of Fumagusta wa spent, and on the first day of September of the same year the Bishop Bavldwin VIII began the work and constructed six arches. Ten arehes of the aisles also eight arckes of
the nave of the church remained to be done."
H. H. K.

THE OCCUPATION OF CYPRUS.
Mr. Hamilton Lang's long sojoum here Mr. Hamilton Lang's long sojourn here
while Cyprus was still under Turkish Government grave him peculiar opportunities of judging what might be done with the Island if in the hamd of a civilised power. At p.p. 191 of his verlithc say $3,-1$ 1878 the Islind of Cyprus beanme practically a British possession. Her long night of suffering thus cnded, and a day of " bright prospects dawned upon her. True, "it is still a foreign domination; but he " history duriug over 2,500 years sufficiently "proves that her allegiance is to be clained "by a Sovereign whose beat test wish is the "well being of her subjects, and that she "becomes unitcd to a prople as free and Generous as they are culightened,
Has England doac what was expected of her when sin taok the responsibility on her 3houlders of removing a yoke from the
necks of a people, :und showing to the world at large, what could be done in Cyprus under projer Government? Since July 1878 , now two years and a half ago, what improvements have takcn place that have tended to ameliorate the state of the country? The answer is, it is true, there is, a road from Lamnaca to Nicosia. This has, certainly, bean much improved of late; and soveral other small trawes have had repairs done to thrm at a heavy cost. Bat these aro Island is the thiner that should ocenpy the Govermment's attention, and the means of fertilising the land, so that Cyprus may become ns of old the gem of the Mediterranean, the everygreen - Imle. And to produce this, what is required ? Only water! Water of which quantities are at hand only waiting a
means of being brought to the sufface for rxication! Will the (Government undertake succ an enterprise in question asked by
the inhabitants on all siles? Up to the present, nothing whatever has been attemptd: It is gratly to b:ruretted too that no indication has bien given hy the Engliṣl Gothe lishand ; pending which no cogita to he fland; pending which no capitalists re lisely to invest their moncy here, either
in the above or other reepects. The intro duction of capital and Suglish enterprise to the development of the resources of the Island would uadoibtedly benefit the inhabitants, the Government, and the investors. This is admitted in the Govermment report upon the liland as printed in the Cyprus Bhue Book. No. 2. But no steps appear to
have boen talen to arrive at such a desirable have been takan to arrive at sucl a desirable
end. Lat the policy of the present rule be ead. Lat the policy of the present rule be
opealy dechral in fayour of the purdhac openy deelarei in invour of the purchase
of the Intind, and there will be no difliculty resarding the mater of lerigation. Capi tho Island, will all lend their help to the furlderace of commerce; for lyrightion means commercial enterpprise, which agait comprehunds, the happiness and perhaps neral prosperity ifsucha policy were declared. It is greatly to be desiderated that the autho rities here should lose no time in urging rues here should lose no uime in urging a policy in regard to Cyprus.

Sir, etc.
An Engisis Trader.

## THE PROPOSED CYPRIOT <br> agricultural show.

The baro fact annonnced in your last of the iatention of tha Gorounruent to hold an Agri.
cultural Exlibition ought to bo hailed
with cultural extibition ought to be hailed with
delight liy all true Cypriots without attemp. delight ly atirus cypriots without atternp.
ting to criticize details of which we aro at ting o criticize details of which we aro at
present ignorant. It in a tep in the right direction, recoguizing as Alpla justly says the imporiance of and wish to promote the development of tae agrienlture of the Island, which is "thu only foundation of ita prosparity." We must not oxpect that sach a novelty will bo fully understood,or perhaps even apprecisted,
at fret by the peasanti, Great good vill, howat frat by the poasanta. Great good rill, how-
evor, ariss by the Goverament thus showing evar, arise by the Goverament thas showing that it wishes in a renlly practical way to by what they may loarn at the Exhibition and by the rewards to be distributed. The distances being so great and travelting so tedious it very doubtfal if Exhibitors can be expected from the whote Island, and it may bea ques.
tiou of holding it alternately at Nicosia tiou of holding it alternately at ticosia, Lar
nnca aud Limassol, or better still of having maca aud Limassol, or better still of having place. I Luopa that this Esclibition an be th preluco to tho establiskmant of B ard Agriculture in connection with a Botanical Gardes in which experiments conld be made for the accilimatization of plants and trees a present anknown to the Island, bat the cultiva tion of which many bo tried with every prospect of auicess and thus add to the productiv resoureesof cyprua. And from whioh seeds el
could bo distributed thronghont the Island.

I $\mathrm{am}_{\mathrm{S}}$,
Sir, etc. ${ }_{\text {Berta. }}$

## Occasional Notes.

A new sensation is in store for artillerists, and it is likely to be a rather strong oue. It is understood that the firm of Sir W. Armstrong and Co. are about to produce a gun of new construction which is to be stronger and more lasting than anything
yet lnown. The principle of construction yet known, The principle of construction is not novol, but now for the first time it has been carried into successful practice. I nas even been patented before, but the pamade by the pir, and, besides, the gun made by the origimal patentee failed dismally or metallurgical knowledge. If all we hean or metalluro abo about the new gun lis true it would appear that a very considerablo stop indeed has been
taken. Some idea of its importance may given by the fact that the guns will be able to firc eharges nearly twice as great as they do now, and the increase in their power will bo prodigious. The six-inch gun which thirty-four pounds of joivder givet velocitics contarahly over $2,0,00$ feet per second wil now be fired with a chatge of 60 lb ., and the power of other pieces of ordnance will be increased in like proportion. Continental artillerists will not be quite so happy as they have been of late; and the new Ordance Committee will be able to start with something newer, more interesting, and more important than barren discussions on the
merits of
obsolete.
A new theatre built at Rome by Signor
Constanzi in the new quarter of the town, Constanzi in the new quarter of the town between the Hotel Quirinal and the station, was opaicd on 27th Nov. night. The King and Qucen were present, and had an
siastic reception from the audience.

The Survey of Palestine.-At a meeting which was held on Tuesday in the Jerusalem Chamber, under the presidency of the Dean of Westminster, it was unamimously resolved that the survey, which has now covered the whole of Western Palestine, should be carried Gohad, Mordan, to the lands of Basham Gohad, Moab, and Hauran.

It is said that the projected marriage be tween Mr.Ashmead-Bartlett, and the Baroness Bordett-Coutts will not now take place. The marriage would have involved such a loss of
income to the lady that M. Bartlett income to the hady that Mr.Bartlet is said to have suggested a termination of the engage ed a large sum of money on her lover.

A Bill has been introduced in the Natal Legislative Council to authorise the raising of a loan of $1,400,000 l$., a portion of which, share of the Zo be appropritied as Nats remainder to the completion and extension the railway system.

Lord Beaconsfield will receive $£ 10,000$ for his new novel, or something like eighteenhis new novel, or
pence for each word.

## sHIPPING INTELLIG\}NC霜.

## pegsege invards during tiag Webit

## De

 tharnaca14th S. S. 'Elpitha' 462 tong, Britiah, maila fron Beyrout, general cargo.
16ıh H. M. S. "Cyguet" from. Maita, Corfu and Chin.
16 h ' ${ }^{\text {Paxiarchia' } 58 \text { tons Ottom. from Alaga, }}, ~$ 17 with ballast.
17 th'Rlika Ferréo' 40 tons Otton.from Symi, 17it 'Mabrouka' 30 whe ballat.
17ih 'Mabrouka' 30 tons Octom. from Bey-
17 th S. S. 'Fortuna' 439 tone, British, Maile from Alexandria, maila and general

## Cleared Outwards

15th H. M. S. ' Cygnet' for Agas Bay (to 14 Ch S. S. 'Elpitha' British, for Alex18 th s. S . 'Fortuna' British, for Boyro general cargo.

## Pasgengerb Arriybo

By the S. S. 'Elpitha' from BoyrortMr. Sparrow and 6 deck, passengers. By the S. S. 'Fortuna' from AlexandriaMrs. Hadfield and maid. Capt. Patten and
Sergeant Gurnby and 4 deok passengers.

## LIMASSOL ARRIVALS

December
14tb 'St. George' Greek sehooner 91 tons 15th S. S. 'Elpitha' 462 tons, British, from 17 ih - Larnaca, mails and general eargo.
17tu S. Sandia General cargo
ta S. S. 'Fortuna' Brilish, 433 tons, from Alexandrin, mails bad general cargo, rough weather.

## Oleared Ontwards

## Decemb

15th S. S. 'Elpitha' British 462 tona, for 17领 ' Filantropia, Gypriot schooner 99 tona 17th ' or Alexnndrin wine and rasius. Alexindria wines and raisins tons for 8 SL S. S. 'Fortunn' British, 433 tona, for Larnaca, mails and general cargo.

## Fassengers Arrifed.

By the S. S. 'Elpitha' from LarnacaMiss Widemann. Messrs. N, Ross
By the S. S. Tor ' from AlexandriaCapt. Patten and other passengers on board, but wereforced to proceed to Laranca on nocount of rongl weatler.

##  10（1）［1］

ThTH GOVERNMENT of Gyprus is E prepared to reccive tenders for the exclusive right of working a portion of the rar umber（＂tora umbta＇）depo－ sits situated at Maveo Vouni，near the villago of Trullos，near Laraca
For particulars and the conditions on which these workings will he let apply to the Govemment Engineer， Nicosia，on or alter the 1st January next．
Tenders tube sent in on or before the 28th day of February next．
The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any Tender．
Covernment Engineer＇s Office

## Nicosia，Cyprus．

## NOTICH．

LARNACA RACHS．
Ponies in training for sale． Dancing Master－Iudian stud－bred chestnut gelding． 7 years． 14 hands anches．Price £ 20. 13 hands $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inclies． Winner of the Maiden for ponies under 13 hands 2 in ．on the flat at Nicosia．Price $£ 25$.
Dark Chestnut Syrian hors6－6 yrs． 14 hands 2 inches．Very good looking，capital roadster，jumps well． Price £ 18.
Apply at the office of this paper．

## PAPAYANNI \＆Co＇s

## 

THE Rovimelia 3，000 lons．Captain Forthergill，wilh arrive here on or about the 26 th December，and will have immediate despatch for Alezan－ dria，Malta and Liverpool．Splendid accomodation for passengers．

This steamer carries a stewardess．
For freight，etc．Apply to：
Charles Watring．
Imperial OTTOMAN BANK．

## LEVANT HRRALD： <br> ESTABLISHED IN 1856.

## L EVasy herald is at

 －
$L_{\text {brant herald in }}$ THE



 Reat．

[^0]THE

QANKINGCOMPANY （LIMITED．）
Gapital $\simeq 1,600,000$ paid up．

## FHex

27 Glemetrs Laxe，hondon． piris agengi，b3 Ree br．Lazahe． BRANCHES
Alexandria，Cairo，Larnaca． Correspondents in Gyprus acting as Agevcies：
Nucosía：G．Michaélidès
Limasson：Ch．Hagri Paviou et fils． GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

## TRANSAGTED．

## Correspondents in

| Marseilles | Constantinople |
| :--- | :--- |
| Trieste | Smyrna |
| Naples | Beyrout |
| Athens | Volo，etc． |

$F_{\text {or particulars，apply to the Bank，}}$ Wolseley Street， LARNACA．

## THE COMMEROIAL UNION

 ASSURANOE COMPANY．
## MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE

CYPRUS AGENCY
THE ANGLO－EGYPTIAN BANKING
－COMPANY（Limited）．

## NOTMTEA．

HROM the 20th f December，1880， 11 Mrinelli＇；Diligence will daily start from Larnaca to Nicosia and vice verma，baving a change of five horses at Piroy．

The Diligence is to start from Lar－ nacs at $6 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ ．and from IVicosia at $2 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ．The price for each passenger is of $3 / 6$ ；heavy baggage will have to pay au extia charge．Tickets can only be issued in Nicosia at the offies of Messrs：C．A．Pace \＆Clo．，Baroutchi Messrs．C．A．Pace it Co．Baroutchi
Zade Street，and in Larnaca by their Agent Mr．Thomas Cirilli．
Packages \＆Parcels will also be re－ ceived at both Agrocios aud consigned to destination，at a moderate price． Messrs．C．A．Pace \＆Co．being re－ spousible for the safe delivery of goods consigned to them．
Tickets will be valuable only for the day on which they will be issued．

## BELC＇S ASI NINOR GOMPANY＇S STEAMERS．

## DEPARTURES：

From Alexandria on the arrival of the Brindisi Steamer（erery Thurs day）for Larnaca，calling at Li－ massol．
Larnaca for Beyrout every Sa－ turday，at $4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$ ．
，＂Beyrout for Alexandria via Lar－ naca and Limassol，every Mon－ day at $5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$ ．
Larnaca every Tuesday at 9 p．m．
Limassol every Wednesday at 9 a．m．
．The above Company take passengers to and from the above ports，and goods at through rates to allports of Europe， Syrian Coast，Asia Minor，and Egypt．

For particulars apply to
Nani and Mantovani，
Agents，in
Larnaca and Limassol．

## the

## IMPERIAL OTTOMAN

 BANKestabitheiey in 1836.
$C_{a_{F}} i \vec{i} a l$ if $10,000,000$.
＝aid aiz $\mathfrak{E} 5,000,000$ ．

## 

CONSTANTINOPLE，LONDON， PARIS．
BRANCHES
Adalia
Larnaca
Afioun Cara－Hissar
Aidin
Alexandria
Adrianople
Beyrout
Magnesia Port－Said Roustchouk Salonica Smyrna Brcussa｜Varna

## Bills negociatel and zent for collec－

 tion．Buls Discounted and all Banking Busi－ ness transacted．
Current Accounts－are kept agreeable to custom．
Deposits at Interest－are received at rates ascertainable at the Bank． Cragular notes and Letters of Credit available in all parts of the world． CY PRUS AGENCIES
sughana．Gimaseol．uticosia．

## 期置 DTBURGET


Prospectuses，and all information to be obtained of the Company＇s Agent for Gyprus

W．H．GULLEN，MD．
Nicosia．

##  <br> PILLS \＆OINTMENT．

The Troops in Cyprus will find hox－ I Loway＇s pills invaluable to them if taken in such doses as will act gently on the system once or twice in the day．They correct all disorders of the liver and stomach．In cases of weak－ nes and debility，they are priceless．

The late Col．Sir James Denny，of the 3rd Buffs many years ago，and on the day－of his arrival in London with his gallant regiment from India，cal－ led to see Mr．Holloway and said that he considered he was indebted for his excellent health whilst there，to the use of his Pills．Col．Denny after－ wards lived in Ireland，and frequently sent to Mr．Holloway for a supply of his Pills．

THE OINTMENT will cure any．Old Wound，Sore，or Ulcer，and is famous in cases of Rheumatism．
${ }^{`}$ The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway＇s Establishment， 533．Oxford Street，London，and by nearly all MedicineVendors through－ out the civilized world，in Boxes and Pots，each with directions for use in almost every language．They may be procured in Lapraca at the

ESCULAPIUS PHARMAGY
11，Watkins Street．
and of every Chemist in the Island．

## Pianofort for Sale．

Quite New．Full size，walnut cottage． Truss legs，Trichord Treble，Patent cheek action，and all the latest im－ provements．

Apply to H．S．King and Co．

## HPNRY S．KINC \＆CO． EAST INDIA，COLONIAL，© AMMRBA

 BRANCH FIRMM．
$\qquad$
STANDARD LIFEEASSURARUR COMP． THE IMPERIAL NORTH BEITISH mercantile insurance comp．
Cheque Bank，Cheque issued at a moderate charge in which are receired in all parte of the world，

Messrs．Henry S．King and Co Cyprus，undertake commission and forwarding business of every descrip－ tion，and from the faeilities afforded by their numerous．Branches and Agencies in every part of the World， offer to their constituents a means of carrying out any business entrusted to them at the lowest possible cost．
Messrs．Henry S．King and Co．aro receiving fresh goods by each steamer consisting of DanisK Butter，（the best Brand）Yorkshire Hams and Bacon， North Wilts Cheese，Bass＇Bottled Ale，Quarts and Pints，Claret from the well known Firm of Barton and Guestier，Plymouth and London Gir， Dunville＇s Irish Whisky，（Scotch） Whiskies of various brands in stock， Courveisiers（Curlier Freres and Co＇s） three star Brandy，Webbs Soda and Tonic Water，Enos Fruit Salt，Canter－ bury Ale pints，in 2 doz．cares． Champagnes，Sparkling Hock，Bur－ gundy，Port，（Page and Sandemans） Sherries，Amontillado，Dry，Rich， Primitive，etc．Rose \＆Co＇s．Lime Juice．
An assortment of Saddlery，Cone sisting of Racing Hunting and Ladies Saddles，with Bridles，Spurs，Hunting Whips，Weight Carrying Cloths，Rec－ ing Shirts Caps etc．
A Price List $\begin{aligned} & \text { ill } \\ & \text { be forwarded on }\end{aligned}$ application to H．S．K．\＆Co．Larna－ ka．Purchasers will kindly remenber that all orders of $£ 5$ and upwards will be for arded carriage free to Ni－ cosia．

## ABERETH日GE <br> NHCOEIIR．

## Proprietor：

MIr．JOHN SOLOMADISS．
TIIS Establishment is now under 1 entirely new management and has just beon re－decorated at great ex． peuse．Tourists and travellers will find every accomodation．
Table d＇hôte daily at 12.30 and 7． 30 pim．
Charges extremely moderate．Guides horses and mules supplied for the con－ veyance of travellers．

## THE Praprietor of＂Gyprus＂in pre

 L pared to execute orders for evory descriptron of Printing，and to give es－ timates if desired，for Cards，Circulare， Bill－heads，Memorandum－forms，Mour－ ning－Cards，Programmes，Handebills， addresses，etc，on the shortest notice． Price－Lists，Reports，Postere etc． expeditiously printed．Apply at the office of this journal．[^1]
[^0]:    
    
    
     Lerant
    
    
    
     －
    
    
    
    
    
    
    －
    
    
    

[^1]:    Pxinted and pablished by the Rnoprieter， the＂Cyprant pintiag tome，yo Vilisimum

