# pÿCyprus: an independent newspaper no 132 

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# CYPRUS 

# AN INDEPENDENT IMWSPAPHR. 

Mo. 132
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26th, 1881
Phice Three Pence

## "Cyprus"

TO CORRESPONDENTS.



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attention, and when troe trom personal alu asion, wit attention, and when tree from pertaonal heweere, holl
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Tha charge tor rubsiriptions if 88, pa. for 8 months;

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 Me Editor of or cyprus

## PRINTING.

Pristing ordors of every kind, and in Eugliah,Greek and Tarki, oharaiaters, exeonted with
cosiomy ti the ofico of this journal.

## Ohiof Intelligence of the W.eek.

(Trom the "Overland Mail").
In the Honse of Lorde, on Feb. 16, Lord Lyston made A personnt statemient in reference to a recent ; ;uggestion by the Duke of Argyll that in 1876 the Indian Government prepared anextensivel military expedit.
pappose of menaciug Afthanistan.
The Marquis of Hattington has atated in The Marquis of Artington has stated in
the Hose of Comuons, and Gerr Granville
fin the Lords, that there are no minutes in the Tndia or Foreig, Officee relating to proposals by Rutseis in 1876 for the partition of $\underset{\substack{\text { Asia. } \\ \text { The }}}{\substack{\text { posen } \\ \hline}}$ (teel Protection of Person aud Property (Teeland) Bill has been before the House of
Commons in co:nuritue duriug the whole week.

Mr. Gladstone hat giron wotice of his in. tention to move that the comuittee shall bo ooncluded to-night.
Goneral Sir F. Roberis wns, on Feli. 14, presented with the fruedonn of the City of Lon-
don, au illuminated address, and a sword of honour.
The same evening Genaral Roberts was entertained at a lanquet at the Mansion House, when he delivered an inportant ${ }^{\text {speech on the }}$ Army.
Sir Evelyn Wood, with the relieving eolumn has arrived at Newengtie in the Trnumpaal. The Boors have fallen bick to Laing's. Nek. boen granted to the Basutua. boen granted to the Basutun
and has been niost cordially receired tople, Soltan.
The Ambassadors of the Powers are now awaiting the arrival of the German Ambassador, Conint Hatzeldt, previous to the commencement of negotiations.
The German Parliament was opened, on Feb, 16, hy the Vice-Ohancellor, Count Siolberg Wornigerode, who read the speech from the Throne
The marriage of the Baroness BurdettContte and Mr. W. Ashmead-Batlett was eelebrated on Feb. 12.
Hanlon and Laycook for the chanes between Englanid and a stalee of $\& 1,000$ was won by Hanlon on Feb. 14.
The Bank of England rato of interest has been redaned from $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent., to which it was raiped on Jani. 13, to 3 per cent.
Amongst' the deathe recorded this weok are:-Sir P. C. Muaigrave, M.P; General J. H. Francklyn, C.B., R.A.; Matiol'Gen. T. J. Machenthn, R.H.A; Lient. Col. O. Hudson, date 10 th Régt; and $\Delta$ dmiral Dapré.
(From ""TLe EgyptingGozette", 19th Fth;) The Austro.Hungarinn Itrperial Yacht "Miramar" wift Priuce Rudopl an hard
 Egyntian Irigatu "Mohan:ed Ali."
rain timed to arvive at the Capinal at 12.17 f. ni. to day.

A local contemporary has this week given currency to a runiour of the nppioaching
ceenll of Parou de Ring. Frenel Agent and Consul Gempral. We do not, lowever, think there is any foundation for the report. We hear from all sid ss that the Committee for organiming the Carnimal festiviies in working actively and that we may exporat Carnival arar yean snown in Aloxnadria. The Staff of the Kastern Tolegranh Cor pany pare their annual ball last night; there were about oue hundrèd and fifty peraons present and the onterlainuent was very anc. cessful in every respest. Tho rooms were prettily decorated, hie bosts were most attentive to their guests and dancing was kept up with great spirit aill alout 6 this morning. This ball has become quite an institution in Alexandrin and is regglarly looked forward iugz of the aeason.
iugs of the meason.
The performance of the Rojal Star Troupe at the Zizinia Theatre last niglt, was attended by more people than usually patronise ed
such antertainments. As an oxhibition of acrobats and gymasts it eertainly equalled anything of the kiad produced ia Aosarticalar, a Japanese, could only be excell led by that of the celelirated aerobat, who is said to have olimbed up a pole forty foct high
then have drawn the pole up after him.
Wo have drawn the pole up after him.
Wo hrou Suez that the Ariel Dram ic Club io Club gave a performnnee on Saturdny ast
the pieces being "Browne the Mart $y r$ "and the Burlesque oft. The Lady of Lyons,
We anderstgnd that when the Governmont accoduts for 1880 are finally closed a large surpins will be shewn. In some usually woll informed quaters this surplus is expect. cd to reach $\mathfrak{L} 600,000 ; \mathcal{E} 100,000$ of which has heen oltained by econouiles cffocied on Lhe estimated expenititure. We also learn What the Government has at present on deposit With bankers ne less "' sumthan 2s's emoved from Alexanhia in the courso of hasi year was successfully paced on its pedes hal in Nuw York on the $22 u d$ of $\mathrm{r}_{\text {anamary in }}$ the presences of ton thowand people.

War in the transvadid.
Negotiations for peace are proceeding beThe "Daity Nowe" andurstauds that on Mon day nirht Nowat deppatel reached the Colouial Office fiom Sir George Colley announcing that he bad received ouvertures of peace from the Buers. A Cabinet Council which met on Tuesday aflernoon was engaged in considering these propmsals, on which a
despatel was within a few houra forward despatch was within a few houra forward-
ed to the High Commissioner. The "Daily ed to the High Commissioner. The "Daily
News" adds :-"The proposala, though as News" adds :- "The proposale, though as
vague and general ns first ouvertures under such civcumstances are likely to be, were nevertheless regarded by the Government as affording at lenst a starting point tovards the discussion of the terus of an amicable settlement.
Swoe interesting details concerning the battle on the Ingogo are given ly the special correspondent of the "Standard." From couversation the correspondent hathad with some of the wounded he has gathered he following particalaris:The troops had not anticipated a hoavy ay's agrting at oight in tho morning that thoy were poing to make a demonstration hoy were going to make a denonstration, and would ine dinder The enemy were on horseback when firat seen, but upon a suell taking effect among thom at about 1,500 yards distance they rode off, and, lasing diamount
ed under cover lehini the hille, oprned fire. From twelve o'clock antil durk it was time to time took part in it, but tho enony's fire whero severe that it was impossible to
work the guns contionomsly, the mern faling alnnst an soon as thos soon! up.
With the sole excention of With the sole exception of Lieutenant Parseus, who was woinder late in the day
overy officer, driver, gummer, and horse in overg officer, driver, gumbr, and horse in
the batiery were hit sinilly:ather theaction began. The gane wer completely sitenced sisted. Ono piere was thas kept in action thronghout the day, but il was a dangerons daly, and thine gerving it had continually to be replaocd. The guns were acturlly whit oned all over with the marks of tho hullets, and for anybody to stand ap beside the was certain death. The enemy occasionally crept up to within (wo handred yards of the position, but mer alter dislance of six or sercu handred yards.
The tactics of the Boers are deacribed admirable. Thay moved from flank to flank, opening five time after time from unexpected positions, lor our men to advanoe and charge at the pint of the bayonet was quite iar possible, for they would all have been shot down hefore renching the enemg. The fight was one of rifles, where the Boers wero vasily superior to our troop
Our
Our frasition at suaset appaared denpe-
rate. Themen had no rations, and o most diffionl country lay between them and the diffient country lay between them and the camp, the enemy being certainty chose at band
At 9 P. m. General Colley ordered the force to marel as quielly as possible down to the nessed the horses which remained were harwithont the guns, and all left tor posion ment the enerny discovering that hemove difienly fin crossing the river, which was rapidly rising with the falling rain. A last all, with the exception of the wounded ground, qut across.
The sufferinge of the wounded were very great. They had no water, and the wind dicoribes experience of last night on bat tletich as heatrending. ${ }^{\circ}$ Cries for water were incessant ; sn"ue men sucked and chewed their blankets, the rain all che time descending in torrents, eouh lightning flash show: ing where the dead sid dying strewed the ground. At twelve o'clock some waggons nne from callp with ordors from the GeMany of the Bocrs cano down and spoke with the men with the waggons. They offered no objection to the removal of the wounded. They deplored the war, came into their country.
The correspondent says that had not the Gencral succeeded in getting off on Tuesday night his sarrender on Wednesday morning was inevitable. The Boers were prepared to attack with daylight, but had not kept a striet Watch as they belleced that the rain tad rengreaily disspoointed in the morniug at disco. vering that the British foroo had made their vering that the British foroe had made their
oscape. The number of Boers who were en. gaged in the attuck are variously estimated at gaged
from to $2,000$.

## HRANCE.

The question of divorco in France is shelvfor the moment, bat the smailuess of the inajority in Toerday's division seems to mean that the dofoat is ouly temporary. The ultimaie result will depend on the appronching elections. Meanwhile the discussion which preceded the division did not framish anyof Jostice new to the subject. The Niniser to divorec that it is bad for the children, pointed out that in this respect it is ne pointed out that in this respect it is ne
worse than the existing usage of judicial separation. Whether the fnrmal break-up of a housebold, either by divorce or separation, can be worso for the children of an
unhappy marriage than the apectavle of a

Alsenrdant houschold, is a question whio Cheputant, on this side are apt to ororlook. divorce upon the sanctity of the farnily, $i t$ is quite trie, as M. Cazot said, that the instiation of niarrage ongut not to be tampered with in order to deal with cortan exceptional situitions. But. doed not che example of the in rogard to som Hio ligheat regald for tho purity of domeatio life. In no other part of the corld are rouen troated with auch respoct and tend. erncas as in the United Stater.

## Special Telegrams.

## Loudnn, 2ist Feb,

The merch of Sc,beleff on Tejend through Persia is semi-officially denied. Skobeleff returns to Russia.
It is reported that a division of the Emir's army has arrived at Ghazni.
On the 1 Jth February the Askiantees wore within three daym march from Elmina.
A squadron of hussare under Cctonel Wood, made a successful reconnoissance ten milcs from Wakerstroom withoul encountering the enemy.

Mr. Parnell has returned to the Hone if Commons. At an enthusiastic meeting in Dublin Miss Clara Parnell exhorted the p ppulation to adhere to the progranme of the land league.

Lendon, 23rd Feb.
Athens ducrees submitted to the Chamber of Deputies calling out the raserves. Constantinople conference hat cominenced. Ambassadors presented cullective note to the Porte demanding eulargement territory for Greece.

In Purt Natal Ginoral Colley res viewed Iudian troops and admired their excellent condition. A large convoy of provisions escorted by a itrongforee arrived it Schainshongte without oppositio:

Commons Gladntone said Government preparing satisfactory arrangemeut in the Transvalal question

The Daily. News says that Governmont will probably abandon Bill restraining possession and sale of arms.
Reported that the gunpowder magazine at Cork has beeu robbed.
Ashantee army on. march ninety thousand.

## London, 26tL Feb.

Discovery considerable traffic arms France to Greece. French Government prohibited exportation.

Commons yesterday Dilke said in consequance of representations of the powers Greece only calls out portion of reserves. England dissuades Gregeo against forcing hands powers, invites Turkey and Greece to abstain from hostilities during negotiations.

Coercion Bill in lreland finally voted.
Gladstune carriago accident injury head lot dangerous but absolute repose necessary
Communicitions exohanged between Colley and Boers. Negociations Basutos failed. Secretary Colonies rogrets severity of conditions proposed to them.

## CYPRUS

Larnaca, Saturday, February 26th, 1881
According to the latest advice pourparlers have been entered into between the Engli:h Government :ad the Boers in order to bring about a solution of the Tranevaal problem which shall be as far as possible pasis. factory to both parties concernet; and in regard to affairs in which, trant-
piring as they do in close contipuity piring as tiey do in close contiguity
to us we my bo supposel to have more ospocial interest, the confrence of Ambasadurs at Com taminoplo has commenced its work and we learn from tho press that an arrangemoat will probably be come to substitating terviorial compensation in Thessaly for Greece in lien of Janina and Motzovo which Turkey will retain. Thoso diffoultios disposed of, England will have more time to bestury attention to her internal affairs and to those of her colmiss. We venture to hope that Cyprus will at last share in this solicitude of which an increasad frea= dom of action on the part of tho 0 Olonial Office should enable her t. partake. For it must be admitted that during the many monthe-almost a year-which have elapsed since the present Liberal government camo into office, the promises freely enough made early in its first session have never seea the commencement of their execution.
This year, however, an abundant harrest is expected, and with a properly thrifts management of its vevenues Cyprus should be able for the first time with a Cliristian government to find the evils under which she groaned during the old régime removed and a new and brighte fiture inaugeratad. Of one fact all disintereste persons are agreed aud this is that the prodigious improvemonts and reforms so much trumpeted in the House of Commons and here, have neither been consinmmated nor commenced and have as yet proved to us but a delusory mitage. Cyprus is at present a disorganized country Land and property a few steps outside the town are left very much to depredators to be dealt with as they may consider fit; and the constitution of the Police force has been proved to leave much to be desired. "The organizatien and personnel for the administration of Justice are the samo as under the Turkish régime; the people have not been given the right to elect municipalities; no $r$ asonable advance has been made in public works or material prosperity; and the main sign of a British occupation lies in the fact that we have encamped in nur midst a number of soldiess who fill all the posts of administration. If it is not intended to give our warHe and revolutionary population a Kimberley can at least make this latter a complete whole and give us the benefits which acerue to martial law.

When the BritishGovernmen has satisfactorily cleared the way for it by first, annexing a terxitory; secondly, by imposing
upon the iuhabitants an unconstitutional rule and the wholesome discipline of a rigid taxation; and, thirdly, in a landable spirit which it would appar the dignitaries of the astablished Chureh of England regard as entailing the Divino commendation hereafter, have decimated with porder and shot those of their new suljects who prove too sellassertive ; then is the time for proselytizing associations, with the rildest notions to endenvoir to introduce all sorts of reforms into the native society. Peligion with be one of
the first points aseailed. In regard of this we are very much of the opinion of $M_{1}$. Archi-
bald Forbas.Snid that gentlemara once, blunt. If refusing to lecture gratuitouly on buaf pacation of sonnething in forsign parts:--
"It I were a savage, and a straight-ha ked. self-respecting savare, an 12 missionary came hanging around tryiny to wow ur fom
the faith of my lorefathers, there would bea in :
perchance Tamil or Tweg'? therrapara rev. gentloman
ary short while, the oldely paran who haa parliap

racters thailiar to him, and to reconcile as clares that " Blessed are the peacematers " lers of torecing thementers upin hify in no-fanthorito-which-at course very uma turally - he had ragarded it as to sons oxtent his own right to occupy. Thes the other ways by which the anelioration of the con are knonia to nost of our readers. They have been sympathized with, laughed at, sneered at by gory humourous writer from Diekens downaterds.
It is the more remarikable and the fact atfords a theme for reflection that these huma nisrians of all deseriptions havataken no interus. Wedo not refer to religious proselytis With the undesirability of interferunce either in the affairs of the Groek church or with the opinions held by the Mussulman element of our population, our evangelizing enthusisats t home have probably made themselves acquainted; altyough we believe that amiable and liberal-minded ecelesiastic the Archbishop of Canterbury has a scheme, it not
for bringing within his own jurisdiction, at east for the amalgamation of the Christian churcher including the Greek and of-course excepting the Roman.
Though it is perfectly true that-
In Haith and Hope the world will dis gree
there are happily somo qualities in our oor human nature which are unaffected reatest of these is Charity. Human suf fering everywhere provotes sympathy, in all places is proffered alleviation. When a certain man fell among thieves, it is true that the priest and the Levite refrained from affording succour. But there came by the good Samaritan who poured oil and wine into his wounds, took him to an inn, and, moreover, became accountable for his reckoning. Happily, the good Samaritan is more numerous than ever, and may now be found on Cypriot rosds as well as on that leading from Jerualen to Jericho. We have our locsl charities-charities with most commendable objects, conscientious and hard-working patrons and patronesses, and unfortuna-

The charities that soothe and heal and bless

## Are scattered at the feet of man like flower

A printed form before us announces the intention-an intention to which we have before referred-of some benevolently melinhospersons in our midst to erect a permanent nerously placed at their disposal for the purpose by Mr . Richard Mattei. To no objact could aid be better extended. If we refer to the Brie look for 1879 , we find M. Cobham and the District Medical Offies speaking in the highest terms of the benefits conlerred by the existing Hospital and Dispensary. Be23rd 1879, 90 1st, 1878, and Ded as inpatients, and 1,248 received relief as outpatients. The Commisssoner writes of this charity "it has been a most valuable adjunct to the measures taken for the improvement of the health of the town ; " and Dr. the benefitg conferred on the town and Island by this Institution.
"The Hospital and Dispensary were opened on December 1 st, 1873 as a private charity.
Subsequently the Government services of the District Medical Officer, and in consideration of the sick of the Police force being treated in it, a grant of $£ 50$ was mada for the year conmencing April 13t, 1879."
Thebalance-sheot dratra December 1511 1879 , showed the following results. The donations and subscriptions amonted to $£ 159$ which, together with the special guant, amounted to
total orreceipts $£ 209$. The expenditure was $£ 34$ lest. Othe 1,838 persons afforded
treauncht at least 1,300 were native Cypriots. Food was supplied the in-patient, for the mowt part free of cost; but in tho case of
a fow "well to-d," parions diet was charred $t$ the rate of $4 d$ a day, which, unless their appetites were abmormaly small, can hard-
ly bo dcemed an. cxtravargat tum to pay pordiem for ly arl.
We hearily coand tim charity to the attention and the noregeuspus feelings of
those of our commanty who have "Learts those of our compunaty wav have "hearts
to pity framed." The aiding of such an enmisery is not alone a duty, bit a paivilege.

It blessuth him that gives and him that takes.
its rewari. "For as much as ye have done it unto vie of the least of these my brethren, ye have date it unto ne." we sal to soe necsaity for its wloption. It
appars that the Caristian churches throughciss ot a wide spirit of catholicity which
does the:a credit, of having recours to Eny land ${ }^{3}$ when they stand in reel of aidpacuniary or otherwisa; and it is with the vievs of grazer facility ior affording such assistance, hat D: Thit when recently on a
tour of the churehes in tis diocese has siven expression th the with io unity to which wo have alludd. Fsi our part we are of
opinion that auch aid mitht be readered without the necessity for a sort of spiritual annexation.
His Graee should bsar in mind the trouble into which a too great zzal for annexation has led the temporal Goverament; and, applying the lesson to bo derived from it to things spiritual, might find better occupation in the correction of those peccant priests who get law atdefiance on some such absurd subject as the pattern of their "petticoats" rathor than in an end davour to enlarge the borders of his acclesiastical dominion. We fancy protestant churches have dono more than that Established of England for tho welfare, moral and spiritual of the deluded population of the Esst. The American missionaries have long made the work in this part of the world peculiarly their own; and affer
them the Scotch presbyterians-ever to the them the Scotch presbyterians-ever to the fore in evangelizing euterprise-wonld pro
bably rank befors the Church of England. It perhaps reflects credit on Cypris that we do not hold out 3 hand for alms. Ws have our very poor-the opthalmic, the lame, the halt-but these do not importune $1{ }^{3}$ greatly. On certain days only do they ask of us a morsel of bread; and then they are such respectable baggars that to refuse the:n would be inpossible. Thank God we have no Charity Organization ; and our alleviation of the woess of the poorer classes does not rest in the idea which Charles Liamb ridiculed that no moncy ghould be given to an unlonown suppliant. In one ,f his most charming essays, the inimitaive Elia, urghag us to "have bowels," deciares that he never passes a beggar without giving him a penny. But there exists room for benevolence here, To those who, as Lamb says, "have bowels" the condition or the Arab portion of nur po pulation must indeed seem pitiabie. A pround race physically and moraly thay are by the hon-oporitunities oplich exist for their cievation in the social scale. Without the means afforded them of education-for mprovement-they rank very muctio at the crushed in spirit and maltreated; and it is impossible to transmit to paper all the vile purposes to which their women are subjected. Their condition in Cyprus is a repronch-a disgrace-to a country making protession ot Christianity; yet our enlightened bumanitarians have for them no regard, and no succour is extended here to a people who of all on earth have most claim to 1t. We liave no particular desire to sermonize. But it will be found tnat in Joppa-throughout Syria-highly meritorious persons have exerted themselves in works of "melting charity" which will not be found here. There is no such thing as an orphamage incyprus, although we have it on reverend anthority that such an institution is to be highly desiderated. No Enghsh burial ground exisis and the epiritual salvation of our Larnaka colony ie looked after by the Commissioner.

## Local Notes.

We hear that Dr. Irving D. M. O. of the Famagusta district, has re igned his appointinent and will shortly leave Cyprus.

We are informed that at the request of the stewards of the Limassol Races, the agent at Larnaca of Messrs. Bell and Co'y steamships have consented to issue return tickets to all rcduction of 30 per cent on the ordinary fares.

There seems to ba a divereeney of opi nion as to whom of prisoners may be en gaged upon public works and whom may not. At present, we believe, only ehort houli be the caze we at a logs to un derstand! The men sentenced to a long term of internment are presumably the most ruilty. And that these should get off seot tres from hard labour while the less criminal re subjected to it is a fact not precisely in telligble to ideas of common-sense.

In the House of Commons on the 17th inst. Mr. G. Duff, responding to a question put by Mr. Rylunds, said that the personal tax in bat it had been recently extended to persons of all nationalities resident in ©yprus. According to the policy of her Majesty's Goverument, taxation should be equalised as much as possible. He did not know what representations had been made on this sub ject to their respective Governments by for made a number of representations to had Majesty's Government and thesens to her looked into. They had no reason to believe that, when the matter was understod an objection would be made to the tax on the assumption that it was not authorised by the capitulations He might add that the the capitulations. He might add that the subconsidered by the Government with a vie to remove some of the many anomaties which existed.

Monday the 21st inst. was a gala-day at the Roman Catholic Church of Saint Mary of Grace, Larnaca; it becoming known that Mr. E. Nani the Aisent of Messi (sister of Mr. E.'s steamships) to Mr Antonio Murat of Trikomo (brother of the Messrs. Murát merchants) was to be solemnised at $S \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; all the elite of Larnaca and Scala found their way to the Roman Catholic Church to witness the short bat imposing ceremony and to wish the bride a long and happy marriage. It was considerably after the time appointed that the bridal party entered the church, and took their places before a special altar made for the occasion. The bride wore a very handsome white silk dress trimmed with lace, snd looked every thing a bride should look. The ceremony was bridal party had received the congratulations of their relatives and friends, they quitted the church, and on the wsy home they were greeted with showers of bouquets and thus ended one of the happiest days experienced in Larnaca. We wish the nowly morried couple a long and happy life.

Last week invitations were sent eut to the elite of Larriaca and Scala, and also of other parts of the loland requesting their presence pitality and generosity of the Messrs. Mucci, accord Mantovan, and acovidis and, which nst, 9 took place on tions solo of a house situated in old Larnaka formerly belonging to Mr. Santi. As on the invitation cards it was stated thet those masked and in costume would be agreenbly received several very well got up found their way into the dancing salon. At ebout 9 p. m. we accordingly left our residence, clad in a costume not uncommon in our streets and arrived at our cectination in due time to participate in the enjoyments so geuerously prepared. the entering we were very wel plase with the occasion, which were handsomely decorated, and every regard for convenience vas taken into consideration; and we predicted e very pleasant evening for those who intended to respond to their invitations, and we are glad to ary we were not disappointed, as overything paeed off in a most agreeable manner. gan to fill with those who were bent upon
lancing away the evening; and we noticed some rery handsome toilettes among the tair Hex, as well as several capital costumes the wearers of which it was not easy to detect Two of the employées of the Eastern Teleepresenting an old English costunce, of the lime of the Georges, and the other tha of a Yankee minstrel, who afforded grat amusement by his mirth and wit which was to overflowing. We noticed several termined to have the eyes of the guests drawn upon them, as well as a magician who went roaming about seeking upon whom he should exercise his cralt.
Several of the ladies wore very pretty costumes representing Cypriot peasants. At 12 o'clock supper was served; and dancing was kept up with great animation to the small hours of the morning, when wo rapaired home with a strong feeling of gratitude to hose of whom we were the guests on this occasion.
Colonel Swinley who lately bought a chifilik near Trikono proceeded to England private mattera before settling in Crpras. private matters before setthing in

Last Tuesday evening the mambers of the Liferary Institute met at their rooms in $\mathrm{Pas}^{2}$. ootini itreet, when it was decided io wind up their affaire owing to the want of sapport. It is announced that Mr. E. Collier has takon the rooms, where he proposeb organising a musioal and dramatic elnb.

## Limassol News.

25th Feb., 1881.
On Sunday last E'eb. 20th at 7 an. m. the Steam Yacht "Vanadis" belonging to James Alers Hankey and Charles Ma lver, Commended by J. A. Hankey pnid a visit to this port, but left agair. at $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. for Rhodes, the weather baing ton rough to permit the padien to land. There was on board the two Mesers. Hankey and two Miss Hankeys, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{op} . .} \mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{r}}$. Lyons, Mr. and Mrs, Deane, Mr. Litile, and Mr. Jackson.

## Kyrenia News.

20th February, 1881.
The Commissionet has returned to Ky renia, .having visited Killindrya and Selefkis on the coast of Caramania. The Tau-
rus mountains are covered with snow, and rus mountains are covered with snow, and this has been the
here this: winter.
Tree planting all round the town is being carried on with vigour ; but young trees, especially orangas and mulberries, hava been very difficult to procure this year, and the Municipality have been obliged to send as. far as Lufla in order to get a sufficient quantity to fill in the spaces allotted to tree planting.

## Famagusta News.

During the last week a great commotion has been created in this neighbounhood, on account of a young christian girl of 13 years having been abducted by a Mussul-
man zaptieh, who had received a lodging man zaptieh, who has
in her father's housc.
This young girl by the order of Capt. Gordon Assist. Commissioner, was placed under the protection of the Commissioner, who the girl to her parents according to her desirs. We are pleased to say that the conduct of our high authorities has given satisfaction to the public sentiment here and is altogether in accordance with justice.

## IN THE STALLS IN CYPRUS.

Encournged, doubtles's, by the success to Which they materially contributed of the recent entertainment in behalf of the sufferers
by the Limassol inundation, a number of by the Limassol inundation, a number of gentlemen have formed here an amateur $d^{\prime}$ Amateurs", and on Saturday the 19 th inst. they gate their first sepresentation at the "They gave their Casino." By the time we arrived in Anglo-Egyptian street a considersble number of persons had assembled to Witnese the performence and very much as on the succeding morning a clear line of de-
marcation was dawn betwoen the masculine and teminine emment, in the addience-the later occupiw the ceat, on the risht facing ape prowenium
aparently, to
the raire hmen
(onteats of the proman? wer: unation opened with a lirek hymn renderd by
M. H. Nicolailes. Barang in mind the advice of Algernon Swinburne, the bard and critie, who warne revicwers argaint pitching critue, who warns reviewers arainet pitching
the kev-note of praine too high because of the key-note of prane too high because of
the difitully experienced in heighteaing i shotuld the occasion arise, we will ouly say of the rendering of this hymn and of "Budoche" (scene comique) sustaned by Mr.Bart which followed it that they apreaced to give satis"Une nuit sur"la scene" was the puèe de resistance of the frest half of the programme and praise is due to Messrs. Aumann and $\mathrm{K} u$ a tor the manner in which this was rend ercd. A Greck chorus sung by Measrs. Nicolaides, Gentilini and Pascotini rang down the curtain on Part 1.
A slight alveration was made in Part 2 of the programme in consequence of the in disposition of Mr. Gayetti; and for a scéne comique "Ah quel plaisir d'être garcon" with which he liad proposed to favour us was substituted "Une chambre à deux lits" the little piecs so favourably received at the entertainment of January" 6 th. "Tristapatie and Duraflé (bouffonnerie) characters sus tained by Messrs. Darbon and Bart met with au appreciative reception, as did also the performance of some variations for the violin and piano on the "Mélancolie" of Fr. Prume. The fiddling of Mr. Küss, who bas acquired confidence since he first made his bow to a cypriot audience, did him very great credit and had he only been better seconded by the pianiste would probsbly have gained for him an encore. The risible faculties of the audience were, as on its first representation aroused by the comic situations in "Une Chambre a deux lite," in which Mr. Bart sustained his rôle of the "Eperlan" with a pleasant drollery which evidenced him as a bright particular "star" of the new club. But with the "Les deux gendarmes" it rested to fairly bring down the house. The duet was welcome alike to all elements behind the foot lighte, and was rendered with an amount o verve by Messrs. Darbon and Bart which coupled with the time-honoured and appro priate stage-business and aided by gorgeous effects of uniform which did credit to the socicty's costumier, obtained for it a merited encore. And so ended Part 2 of the programme. Thereupon some voices were raised for "Collier" but these meeting with nores ponse Mr. Coblem ascended the platiorm an having seated himself at the piano, called upon that instrument to respond to his menipu ation with" Goc bave the Queen. Thi was heartily suag by everyone according to his or her lights with a cheerful disregard to solo, time and tune. And so terminated pleasant cuening for which we are indebted to the budding fistrions in our midst.

## Occsional Notes.

Tho E.uprana of Anstria (travelling a Dover ou Weduesday, and proceeded inimodi toly to Combermere Abbey.
The marriage of the Baroness Burdett. Contes and Mr. Ashmead-Bartett was ce lebrated last Satarday at Christ Chareh, Down-street, Piccadilly. The Rev. Heury Wile C sisted by the Rev, W. Cardath. The arrangements for the wedding woro bept very ecrat, and nono but zelatives and intimate riends of Lady Burdett-Coutts and M: Ashmead Batlett were preseut. Sir Franci Burdert gave the bride away, and Mr. Lacaita was the bridegroom's bust man. Among those present were Sir Fransis, and Lady Bardett, Sir Harry and Lady Keppel, Lady Sarah Lindsay, Admiral and Mrs. Gordon and Mr. Aahmead-Bartlett, M. P. The wed. ding beakfast took place at the residonce of Mra. Trevaision, Lady Burdelt-Coults"s el dent sister, in Chester-square. Lady Burdett Cutte and Mr.Ashmend-Barlett left Charing oross station in the afternoon for Headcorn, whence they drove io Admiral Gordon's seat near Ashford, Kent. Intimation is made in Tuesday's "Gaxelte" that leave has

Bantlet, of Pireadilts, Jaster of Arta of the
 of Barluet
A mrivas stry comen : Bo be te tho

Alaing ail Gea with tho gencies. Isamal is ceatey, rich, ambitions, and anserapulous. To such a man in such a position the present disturbed condition of Eastern affiry offers mauy opportunitios, aud in attomping to foreenst tho possiblo issnes of a wat the existences of the ex Khedive shond never be lolt entirely out of acounnt.

He marriage law in fraivge. The Naqnet. Divorce Bill rame on in the
Chambor of Deputies on the 7 th Febriary git was sejected Ly a smatl mujority. To judge Wore in the trivanos, the uypermost who of French anciety takes an interest in the Wogress of this mersiure. The Questure was
adso besieged by fuir leaders of eociety who also besieged by fuir leaders of bociety, who
wished to soe and lear M. Naquet iu bune. Men of high rank aud fortune do net particularly wish for the laws rogulating their matrimomial statue to bo altered. Those laws do not boar hervily on their shöutders; bat they fall with farrful weight upon women who
have drawn bad numbers in the marriaye lot. tery. Marital power does not cease even when a judicial separation has hoen decreod by a tri bunal at the instance of an aggrieved wife, A ecptrated woman cannot buy or sell withou
the formal licauce of her hushand. He is tirely the master of the children's destinie when they grow up, imanmuch as his consen alone is valid to enable them to sot married. The mother's consent is aeked "pro forma,", but the
father's suffices. When the boys are at col lege the father eleots the professions for which they are to be prepared. If the repudiated husband squauders all his fortone he has it
in his power to blackmail his wife in his powor to blackmail his wife. She is mingury paid in Dumas's new drama "The Princess of Eagdad" to the house in the Champs Elysés where Lyonette had cone to reproach the bunker Nourvady with laving compromised her by paying her debts. Though sepaxatea the la w holds that she compromised his honour The unfortunate woman is therefore watched by her gervaits-when they are not greatly her-and by the concierges make money out o opportmity to expose her to marital vengee a by denvaciation will denounce unless they are "foruze separé"is a most humiline status of a the husinaul is lruown to be "tees galant boume" and atove thkiug an unfair adyantage of the power the liw gives him ty putidown the wife and render her inigcreble. One of the fow virtty is his repand of pleasure in aristocratio socie ty is his repanance to interfere in any way
with a aponee who may have pat him awny, or "vice verat". The husbaud of a famous fingar was able to ${ }^{\text {get }}$ \& injuaction to forbid her
fulfing an ongagenent, and she could only
succeod in turning the dibaculty by paying large ammity. When slie askg some enornous price fir singing in Puris, she says, "It
is not pwsible for we to do otherwise, since

 inune tow lay. She was not. Atrmont, , Corman and Bolgian law the wite of could send a commissury of pormer hashand
her to arrest her for notorious adaltery of por g . French juage
woula be ouliced to thus resard her second would be obliged to thus rearard her seond
norriage), wh she would be condemed for at marrige), und she would be condemined for at
leinst six weeks with the Nanns of low degree in lenst six weeks with the Nanas of low degree in
the St. Lazare goal. Her trial would be publia, and she would not be epared the indiguity of
the dock or of the escort of gendarmes. M. the dock or of the escort of gendarues. M.
Lcon Renault, ex.Profect of Folica, to whom
M. Nacquet ceded lifs turn to speak, bolds, iM may so speak, a brief from the Comtesse da Beamont, sister of La Maréchale MacMahou Slie suffers from uo perverse harshness on the pletely separated from iter children, who have been placed altogether in their father's bave by a docision of the Court of Aprpal, and he Las thken them to Maiselles.
Tho social position of a woman, unless she is a star. of the theatrio or the opera house, who husband's instavce, is little better than that of a "demi-mondaine," nuless she leads the life of a numand gets into a quite new set of friends and acquaintances. It the judgment is given
in her favour, she is still very miserably situat ed, und obliged to be extremaly circumppect aud austere in her manuer of life. Mundane gaiety is forbidhsn hor by social nagage. If
she gives $a$ Eoiee sho does not invite young
girls lest the girls lest their nothers should decline to bring too fast for a lady in her hunsbandless situation There is in the Feubourg St. Germain a lady very puissant by her inherited wealth, aud
illustrious by her marriage with the head of a family iu whicich there arre three duchias and a prineipality. The year of the last Universal Exhibition che gave a ball in compliment to the heir to a throne then in Psris and to hi
amiable consort. Nothing short of a commotion amiable consort. Nothing short of a commotion
was produced in the highest society by the was produced in the highest society by the
ne:ps that slie had issued invitations for a "fete dansautt". To give a ball when there was no husband (for the hospital "graode dame" it ques-
tion was "une femme se tion was ione femnie separee)-to receive, end
no widowhood to urge for being husbandless no widowhood to urge for loing husbandless
It was thongit scandalous, The great lady implored the "grand seigneur" from whom she is separated to come and just stand for half an hour with leer at the entrance to her state roome She prayed in vaiu. He was in debt. She sen
him a cheque for 300,000 f., and said that if h wanted more money in veturn for the service sho wanted him to render, he should haze it But he
was reoulectrunt. The whole time thebal was was recalcitrant. The whole time theball was going
forward lie remaine at his club To preqe forward lie remaine at his elnb. To prevent
the lall-roon from boing a desert the lady who gave the fete was obliged to resort to the most desperats expedients, arid to payy exorbitant eums to dames of old nobility and light purse to answer to ber call. She dressed a rumbler of theme at to make sure they would present a fine appon rance. There was a royal personage then in Paris who was so good-natured as to go and beg of his Ariends to take their wives and daughters
to this grand eutcrtainment, the history of which I now give to show how'terribly the'matrimouie chain can gall sven when the jadges have decreed a complete separation.

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| Lolymedia ... | Sun. 1 p.m. Tues. Thurs. 8 p.m. Sun. 1 p.m. Tues, Thurs. 8 pm. | Mon. 9 2.m. Wed \& Friday noon |
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| 1 NWAR |  |  |
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|  |  |  |
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|  | nesday 4 p.m. Frid. 1 p.m. | Tuesday \& Thursday noon, Frid on arrival of mail steamer. |
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Cloniced Outwarde.
Tebranary S. 'Elpitha' Britinh, for Limassol and Alexandria, maik and gocera 21 st $\begin{gathered}\text { ciscrgoté } 360 \text { Ital. for England via Ky- }\end{gathered}$ 25 h S. S, 'Rommelia' for Beyront, Alexan. 2th S. S. Fortuna' Britiols, for Berront, eneral cargo,

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-95th S. S. 'Fortana' British, 438 tons, from Aloxandriango

## Cloared Outivards

Tebruary wh Yaeht 'Vanadia' British 136 tons for Rhodes.
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23 th 'Themis' Greek brig 359 tons for Ta25th S. S. Fanrog with car Bor

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